

LETTER TO THE EDITOR

Dear Editor:

Thanks for excellent article titled “High Resolution Computerized Tomography of the Chest in patients Exposed to Sulfur Mustard” written by Dr. Ghanei et al. in vol.1 no 1&2.

I have had the opportunity to do a similar study on the war victims exposed to the sulfur mustard in the past. That was published in the Isfahan medical school journal in 1997 (Vol.15, No.48).

Since the spiral CT was not available at that time, we used a conventional CT and because of the limitation of the techniques we were not able to do HRCT. Obviously then our patients were not suffering from complications such as bronchiectasis or air trapping at time.

We studied 30 patients exposed to sulfur mustard for a short period of time after the Iran-Iraq war and our study was limited to the trachea down to the bifurcation.

Beside the complication of the intubation like granulation tissue and narrowing, we found mild mucosal abnormality.

We also observed the sequelae like bronchiectasis and air trapping which is proven by your study.

Sincerely yours
M, Khajavi, MD

Address: Sepahan CT Center, Daghighi Ave, Isfahan, Iran.

Dear Editor:

Regarding my article titled "Liver size: Comparing Sonography and Traditional Methods in Infancy and Early Childhood" published in the Iranian Journal of Radiology Vol.1 Nos 3 & 4, Dec. 2003, I would like you to make the following correction in the upcoming issue.

In the patients and methods part of the abstract of the published journal article, the phrase '...whose families resided in West Tehran' should be corrected as '...whose families were residents of Tehran.'

Best regards

Sincerely Yours
P. Alipour, MD

Address: Radiology Department, Ali-Asghar Hospital, Iran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran